Rock Project Recovery ____

What are minerals?
Where do you think you could find minerals in nature?
What are the characteristics of a mineral?
How are minerals identified?
What does it mean to say that a mineral has a definite crystalline structure?
How can you determine a mineral's density?
How would you test a mineral to determine its cleavage and fracture?
How are cleavage and fracture similar? How are they different? Use the Venn Diagram below
Describe how you can test a mineral to determine its hardness, density, and streak.

What characteris	tics are used to classify igneous rocks?
What conditions	cause the rock rhyolite to have a fine-grained texture?
Describe three w	ays in which igneous rocks differ
What is the differ	rence between intrusive and extrusive rocks? Give an example of each.
	neous rocks dark and other igneous rocks light?

How are basalt and granite different in their origin, texture, and mineral composition? How are they similar?				
How do sedimentary rocks form?				
What are the three major types of sedimentary rocks? Describe them: 1				
2.				
List in order and explain the processes that create sediment and then change it into sedimentary rock: 1				
What are two important organic sedimentary rocks?				
Describe two ways in which limestone can form.				
Under what conditions do metamorphic rocks form?				
How do geologists classify metamorphic rocks?				
What properties of a rock may change as the rock becomes metamorphic?				
How can a rock change from one form to another?				

Describe the processes by which each rock type can become one of the other two rock types:

1.		
	a.	
	b.	
2.		
	a.	
	b.	
3.		
	a.	
	h	

Illustrate the rock cycle:

